

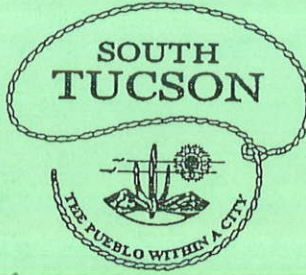
Chapter 14

**MOTOR VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC\***

- Art. I. In General, §§ 14-1—14-25
- Art. II. Administration And Enforcement, §§ 14-26—14-80
  - Div. 1. Generally, §§ 14-26—14-40
  - Div. 2. Police Department, §§ 14-41—14-60
  - Div. 3. Vehicle Impoundment, §§ 14-61—14-80
- Art. III. Operation Of Vehicles Generally, §§ 14-81—14-100
- Art. IV. Stopping, Standing And Parking, §§ 14-101—14-125
- Art. V. Bicycles, §§ 14-126—14-150
- Art. VI. Parades And Processions, §§ 14-151—14-171
  - Div. 1. Generally, §§ 14-151—14-160
  - Div. 2. Parades, §§ 14-161—14-171

\*Cross reference—Streets and sidewalks, Ch. 21.

State law references—Uniform act regulating traffic on the highways, A.R.S. § 28-601 et seq.; powers of local authorities, A.R.S. § 28-627.



**CITY OF SOUTH TUCSON ORDINANCE: 07-06**

**AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF SOUTH TUCSON, ARIZONA, AMENDING, REPEALING AND ADOPTING CHAPTER 14, ARTICLES I AND III, OF THE CITY CODE FOR THE PURPOSE OF ESTABLISHING REASONABLE ACCESS, LIST OF ACCESS DENIAL, TRUCK ROUTES, LOAD LIMITS, LOADING AND UNLOADING LIMITATIONS, EXCEPTIONS; PROVIDING FOR PERMIT AND ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES, DEFINITIONS AND PENALTY PURSUANT TO A.R.S. §§28-1092 and 28-627**

**WHEREAS**, pursuant to A.R.S. §28-1092, a local authority shall provide and may deny reasonable access to vehicles of legal size within its jurisdiction and shall provide and annually update a list of routes or maps designating the highways on which reasonable access is denied to the director; and

**WHEREAS**, a local authority may deny reasonable access within its jurisdiction as provided by A.R.S. §28-1092(C) (1-4); and

**WHEREAS**, pursuant to A.R.S. §28-627, a local authority may reasonably exercise its police powers to designate routes over streets and highways for vehicles not exceeding one hundred two inches in width, exclusive of safety equipment.

**WHEREAS**, the Mayor and Council has determined that it is in the best interest of its citizens to amend Chapter 14, Article III, Operations of Vehicles, Generally; and

**NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SOUTH TUCSON, ARIZONA** as follows:

**SECTION 1: Article I, §14-1 is amended to read:**

The definitions in A.R.S. §28-602 apply to this chapter.

**Cross reference C** Definitions and rules of construction generally, §1-2.

(Code 2007; Ord. No. 07-06, § 1, 9-10-07)

**SECTION 2: Article I, §14-2 is amended to read:**

Unless otherwise specifically provided in this chapter or article, the violation of any

provision of Article I, III, IV, VII or VIII shall result in the imposition of a civil sanction which shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00).

**State Law Reference C** Violation of local traffic ordinances constitute a civil traffic violation unless declared otherwise, A.R.S. §28-626.

(Code 2007; Ord. No. 07-06, § 2, 9-10-07)

**SECTION 3: Article III, §14-84 (currently reserved)** of the South Tucson Code pursuant to A.R.S. §28-1092 or any successor provision(s) hereby be added in the best interest of its residents.

**Sec. 14-84(1): DEFINITIONS.**

For the purpose of this section, the following terms, phrases, words and their derivations shall have the following meanings given herein:

1. City shall mean the City of South Tucson, Arizona.
2. Person shall mean any person, firm, partnership, association, corporation, company or organization of any kind.
3. Truck shall mean any vehicle designed or operated for the transportation of property, and whose payload rating is over one (1) ton.

**Sec. 14-84(2): LOAD LIMITS.**

It shall be unlawful for any person to operate any truck on any public street or right-of-way in the City, other than on state highways, which has a gross weight in excess of 20,000 pounds unless permitted by the City to do so. In the event a permit is required, an indemnity bond may be required to be posted with the City to cover possible damage to its streets, bridges, culverts or drainage easements, which may be damaged by the moving of said excessive weight loads over and along these streets.

The indemnity bond of not less than \$50,000.00 shall remain in force and effect for ninety (90) days from the initial execution date of the permit. The amount of the bond shall be determined by guidelines established by the City Manager with reasonable consideration of the type of vehicle, the amount of excess weight, and the distance to be traveled on the streets and the condition of the streets to be traveled.

**Sec. 14-84(3): OVERSIZE/OVERWEIGHT PERMIT.**

A permit may be issued under the direction of the City Manager or his designee for the travel of trucks over City streets within the City with loads in excess of the load limits provided in Section 2, but only when it is impossible or impractical to reduce the weight of the load or use a truck capable of hauling the load within the prescribed limit.

Such permit shall be issued for a maximum period of ninety (90) days. The City Manager shall determine route of travel of said truck and the amount of the bond, if any, but the amount shall not be less than \$50,000.00. The permit shall specify the date of the trip, the license plate number of the truck and the route of travel. A permit fee of \$10.00 for the issuance of the permit shall be paid to the city by the applicant prior to issuance.

**Sec. 14-84(4): TRUCK ROUTES.**

All trucks shall confine their travel within the City to the designated "truck route".

**Sec. 14-84(5): LOADING AND UNLOADING.**

In the event that a truck must completely or partially load and/or unload at a point which does not lie on a designated truck route, the truck may proceed to and from such points of loading and/or unloading, providing that the truck follows the shortest route from a designated truck route to and from each point of loading or unloading or otherwise as may be specified by the City Manager.

**Sec. 14-84(6): EXCEPTIONS.**

This section shall not prohibit:

The operation of emergency vehicles upon any street in the city.

The operation of trucks owned or operated by the city, or contracted by the city, upon any street in the city.

**Sec. 14-84(7): ENFORCEMENT OF SECTION; WEIGHING.**

The City shall keep and maintain accurate maps setting out truck routes and streets upon which truck traffic is permitted. The maps shall be kept on file at the city hall and police department and shall be made available to the public. The Chief of Police shall have the authority to require any person driving or in control of a truck to proceed to any public or private scale available for the purpose of weighing and determining whether this ordinance has been complied with. Upon such weighing, if it is determined that the truck so weighed is in excess of the load limit, then the cost of such weighing shall be immediately due and payable by the operator of such truck and such truck may be lawfully detained by the police department until such charge has been paid. In the event that the weight of such truck is not in excess of the load limit, any charges for weighing shall be paid by the City. Any charge for weighing under the terms of this section shall be in addition to any fine imposed for a violation of its provisions.

**Sec. 14-84(8): PENALTY.**

A person violating any provision of Chapter 14, Article III, §14-84 shall be subject to

the imposition of a civil sanction, which shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00).

**Cross Reference:** Article I, Sec. 14-2; State law reference A.R.S. §28-627; (Code 2007; Ord. No. 07-06, § 3, 9-10-07)

**SECTION 4:** **Adoption of the City of South Tucson City Code Amendments.** The Mayor and Council formally approve and adopt the City Code Amendments to Chapter 14, Articles I and III which are made part of this Ordinance.  
(Code 2007; Ord. No. 07-06, § 4, 9-10-07)

**SECTION 5:** **Repealed Provisions and/or language of Chapter 14, Articles I and III.** If any provisions, section, subsection, paragraph, sentence, word, clause, phrase or any part of this Ordinance or any part of these amendments to Chapter 14, Articles I and III, adopted herein or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this Ordinance, which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Ordinance are severable.  
(Code 2007; Ord. No. 07-06, § 5, 9-10-07)

**SECTION 6:** That the various City officers, Police Officers, Planning & Zoning Official(s) and/or Building Official(s) and/or any other duly appointed deputy are authorized and directed to perform all acts necessary or desirable to give effect and to carry out all the duties authorized under this Ordinance and City Code.  
(Code 2007; Ord. No. 07-06, § 6, 9-10-07)

**SECTION 7:** That nothing in this Ordinance shall be construed to affect any suit or proceeding impending in any court, or any rights acquired, or liability incurred, or any cause or causes of actions acquired or existing, under any act or ordinance hereby repealed as cited in this ordinance; nor shall any just or legal right or remedy of any character be lost, impaired or affected by this ordinance.  
(Code 2007; Ord. No. 07-06, § 7, 9-10-07)

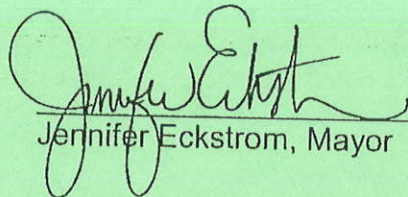
**SECTION 8:** That where this Ordinance conflicts or overlaps with any other Ordinance, Code provision or regulation, whichever imposes the more stringent restrictions for the health, safety and welfare of the public shall prevail. Where this Ordinance conflicts with any other Code section or Code regulation which is amended by the adoption herein, that code provision, section or section shall be deemed repealed.  
(Code 2007; Ord. No. 07-06, § 8, 9-10-07)

**SECTION 9:** That the City Clerk shall attest to the adoption of this Ordinance and cause same to be maintained as a public record and/or published as required by law. This Ordinance shall become effective ninety (90) days after its passage, adoption and posting in three (3) public places in compliance with A.R.S. § 9-813.  
(Code 2007; Ord. No. 07-06, § 9, 9-10-07)

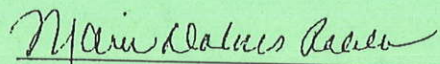
**PASSED, ADOPTED AND APPROVED BY THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF THE CITY**

OF SOUTH TUCSON, ARIZONA, this 10<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2007.

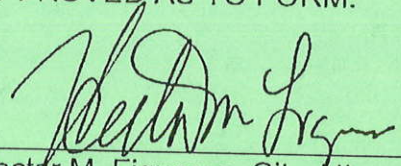
CITY OF SOUTH TUCSON  
Body Politic & Corporation

  
Jennifer Eckstrom, Mayor

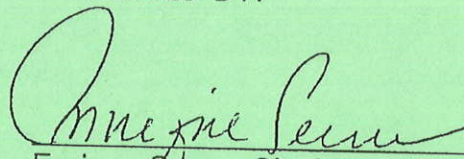
ATTEST:

  
Marie Dolores Robles, City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

  
Hector M. Figueroa, City Attorney

REVIEWED BY:

  
Enrique Serna, City Manager

## ARTICLE I. IN GENERAL

### Sec. 14-1. Definitions.

The definitions in A.R.S. § 28-602 apply to this chapter.

**Cross reference**—Definitions and rules of construction generally, § 1-2.

### Sec. 14-2. Violations.

Violations of this chapter are a civil traffic violation.

**State law references**—Violation of local traffic ordinances a civil traffic violation unless declared otherwise, A.R.S. § 28-626; civil traffic violations, A.R.S. § 28-1071 et seq.

### Sec. 14-3. Applicability to pushcarts, and animal-drawn vehicles.

Every person propelling any pushcart or riding an animal upon a roadway, and every person driving any animal-drawn vehicle, shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter applicable to the driver of any vehicle, except those provisions which by their very nature can have no application.

(Code 1976, § 8.103)

**State law reference**—Application of traffic laws to persons riding animals, or driving animal-drawn vehicles, A.R.S. § 28-625.

### Sec. 14-4. Obedience to firemen.

It is unlawful for any person to fail to obey directions of a fireman given pursuant to section 14-29.

(Code 1976, § 8.106)

### Sec. 14-5. Boarding, alighting from moving vehicles.

No person shall board or alight from any vehicle while the vehicle is in motion.

(Code 1976, § 8.115)

### Sec. 14-6. Riding on parts of vehicles not designed for passengers.

No person shall ride on any vehicle or upon any portion thereof not designed or intended for the use of passengers. This section does not apply to

an employee engaged in the necessary discharge of a duty, or to persons riding within truck bodies and space intended for merchandise.

(Code 1976, § 8.117)

### Sec. 14-7. Roller skating, coasting and toy vehicles on roadways.

No person upon roller skates, or riding in or by means of any coaster, toy vehicle or similar device shall go upon any roadway, except while crossing a street on a crosswalk, and, when so crossing, such person shall be granted all of the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to pedestrians.

(Code 1976, § 8.118)

### Secs. 14-8—14-25. Reserved.

## ARTICLE II. ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

### DIVISION 1. GENERALLY

### Sec. 14-26. Disposition of fines and forfeitures.

The registered owner of a vehicle cited for violations of the provisions of this article shall be liable for a civil penalty in an amount not less than twenty-eight dollars (\$28.00) per violation, for all violations other than handicapped parking violations which shall be not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00), or such higher amount as the municipal court magistrate may in his or her discretion, is necessary to deter continued violations of this article but not in an amount exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500.00). It shall be an affirmative defense to a violation of this article that the registered owner of the vehicle was not operating the vehicle at the time of the infraction and had not authorized any other person to operate said vehicle.

(Code 1976, § 8.130; Ord. No. 99-03, 5-17-99)

**Sec. 14-27. Traffic-control signs, signals, devices and markings generally.**

(a) The city traffic engineer or director of public safety shall place traffic-control signs, signals and devices when and as required under the traffic ordinances of the city to make effective the provisions of such ordinances, and may place such additional traffic-control devices as deemed necessary to regulate traffic under the traffic ordinances of the city or under state law or to guide or warn traffic. All traffic-control signs, signals and devices in place as of the adoption date of this Code are ratified and approved as placed.

(b) All traffic-control signs, signals and devices shall conform to the manual and specifications provided by the state highway commission. All signs and signals required hereunder for a particular purpose shall, so far as practicable, be uniform as to type and locations throughout the city. All traffic-control signs, signals and devices which are placed in position approximately conforming to the requirements of state law and this chapter shall be presumed to have been so placed by the official act or direction of lawful authority and shall be presumed to be official traffic-control signs, signals or devices, unless the contrary shall be established by competent evidence.

(c) Whenever any provision of this Code or any ordinance of the city designates any through street, one-way street or alley, the traffic engineer shall place and maintain signs giving notice thereof, and no such regulation shall be effective unless such signs are in place. Signs indicating the direction of lawful traffic movement shall be placed at every intersection where movement of traffic in the opposite direction is prohibited.

(Code 1976, §§ 8.131, 8.132, 8.143)

**State law references**—Traffic-control signs, signals and devices generally, A.R.S. § 28-641 et seq.; local traffic-control devices, A.R.S. § 28-643; general authority to regulate traffic by means of traffic-control signs, A.R.S. § 28-627(A)(2); obedience to traffic-control devices, A.R.S. § 28-644.

**Sec. 14-28. Through streets.**

(a) Those streets or portions of streets designated by ordinance shall be through streets for the purposes of this section. Three (3) copies of

current ordinances designating such streets or portions of streets as through streets shall be kept on file by the city clerk.

(b) Whenever any provision of this Code or any ordinance of the city designates and describes a through street the director of public safety shall place and maintain a stop sign on each and every street intersecting such through street, or intersecting that portion thereof described and designated as such by ordinance.

(Code 1976, §§ 8.144, 8.145)

**State law references**—Authority to designate through streets, A.R.S. § 28-627(A)(6); through streets, A.R.S. § 28-773; stop signs, A.R.S. § 28-885.

**Sec. 14-29. Authority of officers of fire department.**

Officers of the fire department, when at the scene of a fire, may direct or assist the police in directing traffic thereat or in the immediate vicinity.

(Code 1976, § 8.106)

**Secs. 14-30—14-40. Reserved.**

**DIVISION 2. POLICE DEPARTMENT**

**Sec. 14-41. Generally.**

The police department shall:

- (1) Enforce the street traffic regulations of the city and all of the state vehicle laws applicable to street traffic in the city.
- (2) Make arrests for traffic violations.
- (3) Investigate accidents.
- (4) Cooperate with other officers of the city in the administration of the traffic laws and developing ways and means to improve traffic conditions.
- (5) Carry out those duties specifically imposed upon such department by this chapter and the traffic ordinances of the city.

(Code 1976, §§ 8.104, 8.120)



**Sec. 14-42. Directing traffic.**

Officers of the police department, community police aides, or such officers as are assigned by the director of public safety may direct all traffic by voice, hand or signal in conformance with state and city traffic laws; provided, that in the event of a fire or other emergency or to expedite traffic or to safeguard pedestrians, officers of the police department may direct traffic as conditions may require notwithstanding the provisions of the traffic laws.

(Code 1976, § 4.140; Ord. No. 78-2, § 1, 1-23-78)

**State law references**—Obedience to police, A.R.S. § 28-622; authority to regulate traffic by means of police officers, A.R.S. § 28-627(A)(2).

**Sec. 14-43. Record of convictions.**

The police department shall keep a record of all convictions of the traffic ordinances of the city or of the state vehicle laws of which any person has been convicted. Such records shall accumulate during at least a five-year period and from that time on the records shall be maintained complete for at least the most recent five-year period.

(Code 1976, § 8.121)

**Sec. 14-44. Form for records and notices of convictions.**

All forms for records of convictions and notices of convictions under the provisions of the city traffic ordinances or state vehicle laws shall be serially numbered. For each month and year a written record shall be kept, showing the disposal of all such forms.

(Code 1976, § 8.122)

**Sec. 14-45. Filing, use of accident reports; drivers' reports declared confidential.**

The police department shall maintain a suitable system of filing traffic accident reports. Accident reports or cards referring to them shall be filed alphabetically by location. The reports shall be available for the use and information of the traffic engineer. The police department shall receive and properly file all accident reports made to it under state law or any ordinance of the city. Accident reports made by drivers shall be for the

confidential use of the police department and the traffic engineer. No such report shall be admissible in any civil or criminal proceeding unless to prove compliance with the laws requiring the making of the report.

(Code 1976, § 8.123)

**State law reference**—Accidents and accident reports, A.R.S. § 28-661 et seq.

**Sec. 14-46. Accident studies.**

Whenever the accidents at any particular location become numerous, the police department shall conduct studies of the accidents and determine remedial measures.

(Code 1976, § 8.124)

**Sec. 14-47. Annual traffic report.**

The police department shall annually prepare a traffic report which shall be filed with the city manager. Such report shall contain the following information on traffic matters in the city:

- (1) The number of traffic accidents, the number of persons injured and other pertinent traffic accident data.
- (2) The number of traffic accidents investigated and other pertinent data on the safety activities of the police.
- (3) The plans and recommendations of the police department for future traffic safety activities.

(Code 1976, § 8.125)

**Sec. 14-48. Temporary or experimental regulations.**

The director of public safety may enforce temporary or experimental traffic regulations to cover emergencies or special conditions.

(Code 1976, § 8.126)

**Sec. 14-49. Stop and yield intersections.**

(a) The director of public safety may determine and designate intersections where particular hazard exists upon other than through streets and determine whether vehicles shall stop at one (1) or more entrances to any such intersection. The director shall erect a stop sign at every such place where a stop is required.

(b) The director of public safety may determine and designate intersections where particular hazard exists and to determine whether vehicles on one (1) of the intersecting streets shall yield the right-of-way to vehicles on the other street or streets. The director shall erect a yield right-of-way sign at every place where such a sign is needed.

(Code 1976, §§ 8.146, 8.147)

**Secs. 14-50—14-60. Reserved.**

**DIVISION 3. VEHICLE IMPOUNDMENT\***

**Sec. 14-61. Authorized.**

Members of the police department may remove a vehicle from a street or highway to the nearest garage or other place of safety, or to a garage designated or maintained by the police department, or otherwise maintained by the city under any of the following circumstances:

- (1) When the vehicle is left unattended upon any bridge, viaduct or causeway, or in any tube or tunnel where the vehicle constitutes an obstruction of traffic.
- (2) When the vehicle upon a highway is so disabled as to constitute an obstruction to traffic and the person in charge of the vehicle is by reason of physical injury incapacitated to such an extent as to be unable to provide for its custody or removal.
- (3) When the vehicle is left unattended upon a street or alley and is parked illegally or constitutes a definite hazard or obstruction to the normal movement of traffic.
- (4) When the vehicle is left unattended upon a street for a period in excess of forty-eight (48) hours.
- (5) When any person is arrested and taken into custody while in possession of the motor vehicle.

\*State law references—Impoundment of certain vehicles authorized, A.R.S. § 28-872; abandoned and seized vehicles, A.R.S. § 28-1401 et seq.

(6) When the motor vehicle is left unattended upon the property of another, including a private driveway, for a period of one-half (1/2) hour or longer without the permission of the owner or the person entitled to possession under the owner.

(Code 1976, §§ 8.107, 8.111)

**Sec. 14-62. Notice.**

(a) Whenever an officer removes a vehicle from a street as authorized in section 14-61, and the officer knows or is able to ascertain from the registration records in the vehicle the name and address of the owner thereof, the officer shall immediately give or cause to be given notice in writing to such owner of the fact of such removal and the reasons therefor and of the place to which such vehicle has been removed. If the vehicle is stored in a public garage, a copy of such notice shall be given to the proprietor of the garage.

(b) Whenever the police department removes a vehicle from a street under section 14-61 and does not know and is not able to ascertain the name of the owner, or for any other reason is unable to give the notice to the owner as provided in subsection (a) of this section and the vehicle is not returned to the owner within a period of three (3) days, the officer shall immediately send or cause to be sent a written report of the removal by mail to the motor vehicle division of the state highway department and shall file a copy of the notice with the proprietor of the public garage in which the vehicle is stored. The notice shall include a complete description of the vehicle, the date, time and place from which removed, the reasons for such removal, and name of the garage or place where the vehicle is stored.

(Code 1976, § 8.108)

**Sec. 14-63. Redemption or sale.**

Application for redemption of a vehicle impounded under the provisions of this division shall be made by the owner or the owner's duly authorized agent, who shall be entitled to the possession thereof upon payment to the city of the sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), together with all other costs of removal and storage that may have accrued thereon. If the vehicle impounded is

not redeemed by its owner or agent within thirty (30) days, it shall be sold for such charges and costs, in the manner provided by A.R.S. tit. 28, ch. 8, art. 5 [§ 28-1401 et seq.]. This remedy is cumulative of all penalties provided by this chapter.

(Code 1976, § 8.109)

**Secs. 14-64—14-80. Reserved.**

### ARTICLE III. OPERATION OF VEHICLES GENERALLY

**Sec. 14-81. Speed limits.**

(a) Any speed in excess of thirty (30) miles per hour shall be prima facie evidence that the speed is not reasonable and prudent and that it is unlawful on the following portions of the following streets:

South 4th Avenue.

Thirty-sixth Street.

(b) The prima facie speed limit upon and along all of the alleys within the city, unless otherwise specifically provided by ordinance, shall be fifteen (15) miles per hour, which speed limit shall be effective when signs are erected giving notice thereof.

(Code 1976, §§ 8.135, 8.136)

**State law references**—Authority to establish speed limits, A.R.S. §§ 28-627(A)(10), 28-703; speed limits generally, A.R.S. § 28-701 et seq.

**Sec. 14-82. Limitations on U-turns.**

The driver of any vehicle shall not turn such vehicle on a city street or highway so as to proceed in the opposite direction in any of the following locations:

- (1) At any intersection controlled by a traffic-control signal, except when on a divided highway or street, or a part thereof, or a traffic-control signal or sign specifically permits such turn.
- (2) Upon any street or highway in a business district, except when on a divided highway or street, or part thereof.

(3) Upon any street or highway other than a divided highway except at an intersection.

(4) Except when such movement can be made on a street or highway in safety and without interfering with other traffic.

(5) At such places where such turns are prohibited pursuant to and in the manner provided by ordinance.

(Code 1976, § 8.141)

**Sec. 14-83. Obstructing intersections, crosswalks.**

No driver of a vehicle shall enter an intersection or a marked crosswalk unless there is sufficient space on the other side of the intersection or crosswalk to accommodate the vehicle without obstructing the passage of other vehicles or pedestrians, notwithstanding any traffic signal indication to proceed.

(Code 1976, § 8.142)

**Secs. 14-84—14-100. Reserved.**

### ARTICLE IV. STOPPING, STANDING AND PARKING\*

**Sec. 14-101. Authority to prohibit parking on certain streets.**

The director of public safety may erect signs indicating no parking upon any street when the width of the roadway does not exceed twenty (20) feet, or upon one (1) side of a street as indicated by such signs when the width of the roadway does not exceed thirty (30) feet. When official signs prohibiting parking are erected upon narrow streets as authorized herein, no person shall park a vehicle upon any such street in violation of any such sign.

(Code 1976, § 8.153; Ord. No. 79-1, § 1, 11-19-79)

**\*State law references**—Authority to regulate standing or parking, A.R.S. § 28-627(A)(1); stopping, standing and parking generally, A.R.S. § 28-871 et seq.

**Sec. 14-102. Angle parking.**

(a) The director of public safety shall determine upon what streets angle parking shall be permitted and shall mark or sign such streets, but angle parking shall not be indicated upon any federal or state highway within the city unless the state highway commission has determined by resolution or order entered in its minutes that the roadway is of sufficient width to permit angle parking without interfering with the free movement of traffic. Angle parking shall not be intended or permitted at any place where passing traffic would thereby be caused or required to drive upon the left side of the street.

(b) Upon those streets which have been signed or marked for angle parking, no person shall park or stand a vehicle other than at the angle to the curb or edge of the roadway indicated by signs or markings.

(c) It is unlawful for the driver of any vehicle stopped for the purpose of loading or unloading merchandise to park such vehicle or permit or allow such vehicle to remain parked at an angle to the curb or edge of the roadway except in an authorized freight curb loading zone by appropriate signs and markings for such purpose.  
(Code 1976, § 8.149)

State law reference—Angle parking, A.R.S. § 28-874.

**Sec. 14-103. Parking in alleys.**

It is unlawful for any person to park a vehicle within an alley except for the loading or unloading of merchandise and material. It is unlawful for any person to park a vehicle within an alley unless loading or unloading can be accomplished without blocking the alley to the free movement of vehicular traffic.  
(Code 1976, § 8.151)

**Sec. 14-104. Parking for certain purposes prohibited.**

No person shall park a vehicle upon any roadway for any of the following purposes:

- (1) Displaying the vehicle for sale.

- (2) Washing, greasing or repairing the vehicle, except for immediate repairs caused by an emergency, and necessary to be made before the vehicle can be moved.
- (3) Displaying advertising.
- (4) Displaying commercial exhibits, except by special permit lawfully issued by the city.  
(Code 1976, § 8.152)

**Sec. 14-105. Sixth Avenue parking.**

It is unlawful for any person to park a motor vehicle on the east or west curbs of South Sixth Avenue unless otherwise authorized in this chapter.  
(Code 1976, § 8.153; Ord. No. 79-1, § 1, 11-19-79)

**Sec. 14-106. Parking regulations for peddlers.**

No peddler shall park a vehicle or series of vehicles on the public right-of-way for the purpose of peddling food or wares for a period in excess of sixty (60) continuous minutes, or an excess of one hundred twenty (120) minutes in any twenty-four-hour period at one (1) location. The parking of such vehicle within a distance of three hundred (300) feet from the original parking space shall be deemed one (1) location. No service from such vehicle to the public shall be made from the traffic side or the side of the vehicle which faces the center of the right-of-way. However, such a vehicle may park for such purposes in the vicinity of a special event, such as a football game or other sport, circus, fair, rodeo or parade, during the period of the event, plus one (1) hour, prior to and after the event.  
(Code 1976, § 8.154)

**Sec. 14-107. Standing or parking on one-way streets.**

(a) The director of public safety may erect signs upon any one-way street to prohibit the standing or parking of vehicles. When such a sign is in place no person shall stand or park a vehicle in violation of the sign.

(b) If a highway includes two (2) or more separate roadways and traffic is restricted to one (1) direction upon any such roadway, no person

shall stand or park a vehicle upon the left-hand side of the one-way roadway unless signs are erected to permit such standing or parking. The director of public safety may determine what standing or parking may be permitted upon the left-hand side of any such one-way roadway and erect signs giving notice thereof.  
(Code 1976, §§ 8.155, 8.156)

**Sec. 14-108. Stopping, standing, parking near hazardous places.**

The director of public safety may determine and designate, by proper signs, places in which the stopping, standing or parking of vehicles would create an especially hazardous condition or would cause unusual delay to traffic. When official signs are erected at hazardous or congested places no person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle in any such designated place.  
(Code 1976, § 8.157)

**Sec. 14-109. Handicap parking.**

When signs are erected giving notice thereof, it is unlawful to park a vehicle in any handicap site. The provisions of this section shall not apply to vehicles bearing a license plate with the international wheelchair symbol or displaying a placard issued under state law for this purpose. A violation of this section is punishable by a fine of up to two hundred dollars (\$200.00).  
(Ord. No. 97-05, 10-20-97)

**Sec. 14-110. Driving or parking on another's property unlawful.**

It is unlawful for a person to loiter, drive or park in or upon the property of another during those hours when the person legally entitled to the possession of said property is not present, or, if the property is that of a government, for any purpose other than the normal conduct of business with that government agency, without having in his or her possession the written permission of the person legally entitled to the possession of said property.  
(Ord. No. 99-03, 5-17-99)

**Sec. 14-111. Exceptions.**

No person charged with violating this section shall be convicted, and such charge against him or her shall be dismissed if he or she subsequently produces in court the aforesaid written permission.  
(Ord. No. 99-03, 5-17-99)

**Sec. 14-112. Method of parking.**

Except as otherwise provided by resolution of the council, every vehicle stopped or parked upon a roadway where there are adjacent curbs shall be so stopped or parked with the right hand wheels of such vehicle parallel to and within eighteen (18) inches of the right hand curb.  
(Ord. No. 99-03, 5-17-99)

**Sec. 14-113. Blocking traffic.**

(a) It is unlawful for any person to stop, stand or park any motor vehicle, or other vehicle, upon a street in the city in such a manner or under such conditions as to leave available less than twenty (20) feet of the width of the roadway for the free movement of the vehicular traffic, except that a person may stop temporarily, in the actual loading or unloading of passengers, or when necessary, in the observance of traffic signs or signals of a police officer.

(b) It is unlawful for any person to park a motor vehicle, or other vehicle, within an alley or entrance to a private driveway except for the loading or unloading of materials, and not then unless such loading or unloading of materials can be accomplished without blocking the alley to the free movement of vehicular traffic.  
(Ord. No. 99-03, 5-17-99)

**Sec. 14-114. Authority to erect signs restricting parking.**

The city engineer, upon approval by the council, may erect signs requiring parking at an angle to the curb, allowing parking on the left hand curb on one-way streets, notifying drivers that parking is prohibited and restricting parking in any way that may be necessary. No parking restrictions shall become effective until such restricted parking area is specifically designated by

resolution of the council, and signs have been erected as authorized by this section; provided, that all signs restricting parking now in place are hereby ratified and approve as so placed. It is unlawful for any person to stop or park a vehicle in disobedience to such parking restrictions. (Ord. No. 99-03, 5-17-99)

**Sec. 14-115. Parking vehicles on sidewalks.**

It is unlawful for any person to park any vehicle, whether in usable condition or not, or for an owner to permit his vehicle to be parked upon any sidewalk in the city. (Ord. No. 99-03, 5-17-99)

**Sec. 14-116. Displaying handicap insignia, etc.; exception.**

(a) Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, no person may stop, stand or park a motor vehicle within any specially designated and marked parking space provided in accordance with this section for physically disabled persons unless the motor vehicle is transporting a person eligible for the distinguishing insignia placard or number plates bearing the international wheelchair symbol, and either:

- (1) The motor vehicle displays the distinguishing insignia placard; or
- (2) The motor vehicle displays number plates bearing the international wheelchair symbol.

(b) In any prosecution charging a violation of any of the provisions of this article governing the standing or parking of a vehicle, the person in whose name such vehicle is registered shall be prima facie responsible for such violation and subject to the penalty thereof.

(c) If a law enforcement officer employed by the city finds a motor vehicle in violation of this section, the officer shall issue a complaint which shall be attached or placed upon the vehicle which is unlawfully parked.

(d) Any person who is chauffeuring a physically disabled person shall be allowed, without a distinguishing insignia placard or number plates bearing the international wheelchair symbol, to

park momentarily in any such parking space for the purpose of loading or unloading such physically disabled person. No complaint shall be issued to the driver for such momentary parking.

(e) Parking spaces reserved for handicapped persons shall be designated as privately owned property as provided by the City of South Tucson City Code. Each such parking space shall be prominently outlined with paint and posted with a permanent sign located not less than three (3) feet nor more than six (6) feet above the grade and of a color and design approved by the department of transportation bearing the internationally accepted wheelchair symbol and the caption "Reserved Parking." The designation of such parking spaces as provided herein or as required pursuant to the city shall authorize police officers and other duly authorized agents to enforce the provisions of this section and shall constitute a waiver of any objection by the owner or person in possession of such property to the enforcement of this section, and such owner shall be deemed to have consented by such designation or person in possession.

(f) The police chief will have the authority to institute a volunteer handicapped parking enforcement specialist program. The police chief may authorize special volunteers to issue citations only to persons who violate this section of this chapter. (Ord. No. 99-03, 5-17-99)

**Sec. 14-117. Unarmed police aides.**

Unarmed police aides may be employed by the police department and shall be empowered to commence an action or proceeding before a court or judge for any violation of city ordinances or this code regulating the standing or parking of vehicles. The authority of unarmed police aide shall be strictly limited to the enforcement of the ordinances regulating the standing or parking of vehicles, and such aides are not granted any other powers or benefits to which peace officers of the city are entitled.

(Ord. No. 99-03, 5-17-99)

**Secs. 14-118—14-125. Reserved.**

**ARTICLE V. BICYCLES\*****Sec. 14-126. Parental responsibility.**

The parent of a child and the guardian of a ward shall not authorize or knowingly permit the child or ward to violate any of the provisions of this chapter.

(Code 1976, § 8.159(A)(1))

**State law reference**—Similar provisions, A.R.S. § 28-812.

**Sec. 14-127. Application of chapter and traffic laws to bicycles.**

(a) The provisions of this chapter in their application to bicycles shall apply when a bicycle is operated upon any highway or upon any path set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles subject to those exceptions stated in this chapter.

(b) Every person riding a bicycle upon a roadway shall be granted all the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to the driver of a vehicle by this chapter, except as to special regulations in this chapter, and except as to those provisions of this chapter which, by their nature, can have no application.

(Code 1976, § 8.159(A)(1), (B))

**State law reference**—Similar provisions, A.R.S. § 28-812.

**Sec. 14-128. Reports of dealers.**

All persons engaged in the business of buying and selling new or secondhand bicycles shall make a monthly report to the director of public safety, giving the name and address of the person from whom purchased or to whom sold, the kind of bicycle purchased or to whom sold, the kind of bicycle purchased or sold and the number of the tag found thereon, if any.

(Code 1976, § 8.159(M))

**Sec. 14-129. Riding on sidewalks.**

It is unlawful for any person to ride a bicycle upon a sidewalk.

(Code 1976, § 8.159(N))

**\*State law references**—Authority to regulate bicycles, A.R.S. § 28-627; bicycles and play vehicles, A.R.S. § 28-811 et seq.

**Secs. 14-130—14-150. Reserved.**

**ARTICLE VI. PARADES AND PROCESSIONS†****DIVISION 1. GENERALLY****Sec. 14-151. Driving through processions.**

No driver of a vehicle shall drive between the vehicles comprising a funeral or other authorized procession while they are in motion and when such vehicles are conspicuously designated as required in this chapter. This provision shall not apply to intersections where traffic is controlled by police officers.

(Code 1976, § 8.138)

**State law reference**—Right-of-way, etc., of funeral processions, A.R.S. § 28-776.

**Sec. 14-152. Method of driving in processions.**

Each driver in a funeral or other procession shall drive as near to the right-hand edge of the roadway as practical and shall follow the vehicle ahead as close as is practical and safe.

(Code 1976, § 8.139)

**Secs. 14-153—14-160. Reserved.**

**DIVISION 2. PARADES****Sec. 14-161. Definitions.**

In this division "parade" means any parade, march, ceremony, show, exhibition, pageant or procession of any kind, or any similar display, in or upon any street in this city.

(Code 1976, § 8.137)

**Cross reference**—Definitions and rules of construction generally, § 1-2.

**Sec. 14-162. Exceptions.**

This division does not apply to:

- (1) Funeral processions.

**†State law references**—Authority to regulate or prohibit processions or assemblages on highways, A.R.S. § 28-627; funeral processions, etc., A.R.S. § 28-776.

- (2) Students going to and from school classes or participating in educational activities, providing such conduct is under the immediate direction and supervision of the proper school authorities.

- (3) A governmental agency acting within the scope of its functions.

(Code 1976, § 8.137)

**Sec. 14-163. Permit required.**

No person shall engage in, participate in, aid, form or start any parade, unless a parade permit shall have been obtained from the director of public safety.

(Code 1976, § 8.137)

**Sec. 14-164. Permit application.**

(a) A person seeking issuance of a parade permit shall file an application with the director of public safety not less than five (5) days nor more than ten (10) days before the date on which it is proposed to conduct the parade on forms provided by the director.

(b) The application for a parade permit shall set forth the following information:

- (1) The name, address and telephone number of the person seeking to conduct the parade.
- (2) If the parade is proposed to be conducted for, on behalf of, or by an organization, the name, address and telephone number of the headquarters of the organization, and of the authorized and responsible heads of the organization.
- (3) The name, address and telephone number of the person who will be the parade chairman and who will be responsible for its conduct.
- (4) The date when the parade is to be conducted.
- (5) The route to be traveled, the starting point and the termination point.
- (6) The approximate number of persons who, and animals and vehicles which, will constitute such parade; the type of animals, and description of the vehicles.

- (7) The hours when the parade will start and terminate.

- (8) A statement as to whether the parade will occupy all or only a portion of the width of the streets proposed to be traversed.

- (9) The location by streets of any assembly areas for the parade.

- (10) The time at which units of the parade will begin to assemble at the assembly areas.

- (11) The interval of space to be maintained between units of the parade.

- (12) If the parade is designed to be held by, or on behalf of or for, any person other than the applicant, a communication in writing from the person proposing to hold the parade, authorizing the applicant to apply for the permit.

- (13) Any additional information which the director shall find reasonably necessary to a fair determination as to whether a permit should issue.

(c) The director of public safety, where good cause is shown therefor, shall have the authority to consider any application that is filed less than five (5) days before the date the parade is proposed to be conducted.

(Code 1976, § 8.137)

**Sec. 14-165. Standards for issuance.**

The director of public safety shall issue a parade permit when, from a consideration of the application and from such other information as may otherwise be obtained, the director finds that:

- (1) The conduct of the parade will not substantially interrupt the safe and orderly movement of other traffic contiguous to its route.
- (2) The conduct of the parade will not require the diversion of so great a number of police officers of this city to properly police the line of movement and the areas contiguous thereto as to prevent normal police protection to this city.



- (3) The conduct of such parade will not require the diversion of so great a number of ambulances as to prevent normal ambulance service to portions of this city other than that to be occupied by the proposed line of march and areas contiguous thereto.
- (4) The concentration of persons, animals and vehicles at assembly points of the parade will not unduly interfere with proper fire and police protection of, or ambulance service to, areas contiguous to the assembly areas.
- (5) The conduct of the parade will not interfere with the movement of firefighting equipment en route to a fire.
- (6) The conduct of the parade is not reasonably likely to cause injury to persons or property, to provoke disorderly conduct or create a disturbance.
- (7) The parade is scheduled to move from its point of origin to its point of termination expeditiously and without unreasonable delays en route.

(Code 1976, § 8.137)

#### **Sec. 14-166. Notice of permit rejection.**

If the director of public safety disapproves the parade permit application, the director shall mail to the applicant within three (3) days after the date upon which the application was filed, a notice of such action.

(Code 1976, § 8.137)

#### **Sec. 14-167. Alternative permit.**

The director of public safety, in denying an application for a parade permit, may authorize the conduct of the parade on a date, at a time, or over a route different from that named by the applicant. An applicant desiring to accept an alternate permit shall, within two (2) days after notice of the action of the director, file a written notice of acceptance with the director. An alternate parade permit shall conform to the requirements of, and shall have the effect of a parade permit.

(Code 1976, § 8.137)

#### **Sec. 14-168. Contents of permit.**

Each parade permit shall state the following information:

- (1) Starting time.
- (2) Minimum speed.
- (3) Maximum speed.
- (4) Maximum interval of space to be maintained between the units of the parade.
- (5) The portions of the streets to be traversed that may be occupied by the parade.
- (6) The maximum length of the parade in miles or fractions thereof.
- (7) Such other information as the director of public safety shall find necessary to enforce the provisions of this division.

(Code 1976, § 8.137)

#### **Sec. 14-169. Possession of permit.**

The parade chairperson or other person heading or leading the activity shall carry the parade permit during the conduct of the parade.

(Code 1976, § 8.137)

#### **Sec. 14-170. Compliance with law required.**

A parade permittee shall comply with all permit directions and conditions and with all applicable laws and ordinances.

(Code 1976, § 8.137)

#### **Sec. 14-171. Revocation of permit.**

The director of public safety may revoke a parade permit issued hereunder upon application of the standards for issuance set forth in this division.

(Code 1976, § 8.137)

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